ATUL (RETAIL) BRANDS LIMITED

Directors' Report

Dear Members,

The Board of Directors (Board) presents the Annual Report of Atul (Retail) Brands Ltd together with the audited Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2021.

01. Financial results

		(7)
	2020-21	2019-20
Revenue from operations	-	-
Other income	17,226	33,220
Total revenue	17,226	33,220
Profit before tax	(15,820)	17,975
Tax	-	-
Profit for the year	(15.820)	17 975

02. Performance

The Company does not have any operational income. The other income generated during the year is mainly attributable to the income from investments of the Company.

03. Dividend

The Board does not recommend any dividend on the equity shares for the financial year ended March 31, 2021 in view of loss.

O4. Conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo

Information required under Section 134 (3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, forms a part of this Report which is given as the Annexure.

05. Insurance

The Company has taken adequate insurance policies.

06. Risk Management

The Company has identified risks and has initiated a mitigation plan for the same.

07. Internal Financial Controls

The Management assessed the effectiveness of the Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting as of March 31, 2021, and the Board believes that the controls are adequate.

08. Fixed deposits

During 2020-21, the Company did not accept any fixed deposits.

09. Prevention of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace

Pursuant to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Rules, 2013, the Company framed a Policy on Prevention of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace and constituted Internal Complaints Committee. No complaint was received during 2020-21.

10. Loans, guarantees, investments and security

During 2020-21, the Company did not give any loans, provide guarantees or make investments.

11. Subsidiary, associate and joint venture company

There was no change in the subsidiary, associate and joint venture entities.

12. Related Party Transactions

All the transactions entered into with the Related Parties were in ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis. Details of such transactions are given at note number 11. No transactions were entered into by the Company which required disclosure in Form AOC-2.

13. Corporate Social Responsibility

The provision of Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.

14. Annual Return

Annual Return for 2020-21 is available for inspection at the registered office of the Company for inspection.

15. Auditors

GR Parekh & Co., Chartered Accountants were appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company at the 8th Annual General Meeting (AGM) until the conclusion of the 13th AGM. The Auditors' Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2021 does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark. The Report is enclosed with the Financial Statements.

16. Directors' responsibility statement

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Act, the Directors confirm that, to the best of their knowledge and belief:

- 16.1 In preparation of the financial statement for the financial year ended March 31, 2021, the applicable accounting standards were followed and there are no material departures.
- 16.2 The Accounting Policies were selected and applied consistently and judgements and estimates were made that were reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period.
- 16.3 Proper and sufficient care was taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- 16.4 The attached annual accounts for the year ended March 31, 2021 were prepared on a going concern basis.
- 16.5 Adequate Internal Financial Controls to be followed by the Company were laid down; and same were adequate and operating effectively.
- 16.6 Proper systems were devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and the same were adequate and operating effectively.

17. Directors

- 17.1 Appointments | Reappointments | Cessations
- 17.1.1 According to the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr Ajay Motee retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for reappointment at the forthcoming AGM.
- 17.2 Policies on appointment and remuneration
 The Company will formulate policy on remuneration of Directors as and when it starts paying remuneration to the Directors. The Company appoints directors in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

18. Key Managerial Personnel and other employees

The provision of section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.

19. Board Meetings and Secretarial standards

The Board met four times during 2020-21. Secretarial standards as applicable to the Company were followed and complied with.

20. Analysis of remuneration

There is no employee who falls within the criteria provided in Sections 134(3)(q) and 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

21. Acknowledgements

The Board expresses its sincere thanks to all the stakeholders, regulatory and Government authorities for their support.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Atul

April 05, 2021 Director Director

Annexure to the Directors' Report

- 1. Conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo
- 1.1 Conservation of energy
- 1.1.1 Measures taken

nil

1.2 Technology absorption

No major steps were taken during the current year.

1.3 Total foreign exchange used and earned nil

Ghanshyam Parekh & Co.

B. Sc., F C A, A C S

Chartered Accountants

203, Akar Complex 1

Tithal Road,

Valsad 396001

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Atul (Retail) Brands Limited Report on the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

01. We have audited the accompanying Standalone Ind AS financial statements of Atul (Retail) Brands Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance sheet as at March 31, 2021, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of changes in equity and Statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, and profit, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

O2. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

03. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate Accounting Policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and

prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Ind AS financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

04 In preparing the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting. Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

O5 Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Ind AS financial statements.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

06 As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the Annexure B a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

07 As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".

- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has no pending litigations on March 31, 2021;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For GHANSHYAM PAREKH & CO. Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 131167W)

> G. R. Parekh Proprietor (Membership No. 030530) UDIN 21030530AAAABY6972

Atul,

Dated: April 5, 2021

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 7(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date.

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act)

01. We have audited the Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting of Atul (Retail) Brands Ltd (the Company) as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

02. The Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining Internal Financial Controls based on the internal controls over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting (the Guidance Note) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate Internal Financial Controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the policies of the Company, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's responsibility

- Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Internal Financial Controls of the Company over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls. These Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- 04. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the Internal Financial Controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the Auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- 05. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Internal Financial Controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting

06. The Internal Financial Control over financial reporting of a company is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Internal Financial Control over financial reporting of a Company includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Financial Statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of Management and Directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the assets of the Company that could have a material effect on the Financial Statements.

Inherent limitations of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting

07. Because of the inherent limitations of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal Financial Controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the Internal Financial Control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

08. In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate Internal Financial Controls system over financial reporting and such Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration Number: 131167W

G. R. Parekh **Proprietor**

Membership Number: 030530 UDIN 21030530AAAABY6972

Place: Atul

Date: April 5, 2021

Annexure B to Independent Auditors' Report:

Referred to in paragraph 6 of the Independent Auditors' Report of the even date to the members of ATUL (RETAIL) BRANDS LIMITED for the year ended March 31, 2021.

- i. (a) The Company has generally maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets;
 - (b) As explained to us, fixed assets, according to the practice of the Company, are physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals, which, in our opinion, is reasonable, looking to the size of the Company and the nature of its business. According to the information and explanations given to us, discrepancies noticed on physical verification have been adjusted in the books of account;
 - (c) The Company does have any immovable property, therefore the Clause is not applicable..
 - ii. The Company does not hold any inventory, therefore Clause 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable..
 - iii. The Company has not granted any loan secured or unsecured to Companies, Firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013.
 - iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of grant of loans, making investments or providing guarantees and securities as applicable.
 - v. The company has not accepted any deposits from public within the meaning of sections 73, 74,.75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder.
 - vi. The Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of Cost Records under Section 148(1) of the companies Act, 2013.
 - vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Income tax, Sales tax, wealth tax, service tax, duty of Customs, duty of Excise, value added tax, cess, GST and other statutory Dues as applicable with the appropriate authorities.

According to the explanation given to us there are no arrears of statutory dues which have remained outstanding at the last date of financial year, for a period of more than six month from the date they became payable;

- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of sales tax, income tax, duty of customs, wealth tax, service tax, duty of excise, value added tax, GST or cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- viii .According to the record of the Company examined by us and information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to a financial institution or bank or government or debenture holders as at the Balance Sheet date.

- ix The Company has not raised any money by way of public issue/ follow-on offer (including debt instruments) and term loans. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(ix) of the order are not applicable.
- X During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of fraud by the Company or on Company by its officers or employees, noticed or reported during the year nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
- xi. No managerial remuneration has been paid / provided;
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company therefore the clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. All the transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements etc as required by the accounting standards and Companies Act, 2013.
- xiv. The company has made preferential allotment / private placement of shares during the year under review. Proceeds of the same are utilised ffor the purpose it was made.
- xv. The company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly the provisions of Clause 3(xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 131167W)

Atul

Date: April 5, 2021 (G. R. Parekh)
Proprietor
Membership No.: 030530
UDIN 21030530AAABY6972

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021

Particulars	Note	As at	As at
		March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
A ASSETS			
1 Non-current assets			
a) Financial assets			
i) Investments	2	4,54,120	4,54,120
b) Deferred tax assets (net)		939	939
c) Other non-current assets	3	10,898	10,898
Total non-current assets		4,65,957	4,65,957
2 Current assets			
a) Financial assets			
i) Cash and cash equivalents	4	42,002	26,895
ii) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents above	5	4,17,007	4,43,017
b) Other current assets	6	1,180	4,917
Total current assets		4,60,189	4,74,829
Total assets		9,26,146	9,40,786
B EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
a) Equity share capital	7	10,00,000	10,00,000
b) Other equity		(77,534)	(61,714)
Total equity		9,22,466	9,38,286
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
a) Financial liabilities			
i) Trade payables	8		
Total outstanding dues of			
a) Micro enterprises and small enterprises			
b) Creditors other than micro enterprises and small		2.600	2 500
enterprises		3,680	2,500
ii) Other financial liabilities	8	-	-
Total current liabilities		3,680	2,500
Total liabilities		3,680	2,500
Total equity and liabilities		9,26,146	9,40,786

The accompanying Notes 1-11 form an integral part of the Financial Statements

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co.

Firm Registration Number: 131167W

Director

G R Parekh

Proprietor

Membership Number: 030530 Director

Atul

Atul April 05, 2021

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2021

			(₹)
Particulars	Note	2020-21	2019-20
INCOME			
Other income	9	17,226	33,220
Total Income		17,226	33,220
EXPENSES			
Other expenses	10	33,046	15,245
Total expenses		33,046	15,245
Profit (Loss) before tax		(15,820)	17,975
Current tax		-	-
Defferred tax		-	_
Total tax expense		-	-
Profit (Loss) for the year		(15,820)	17,975
Basic and diluted earning ₹ per equity share of ₹ 10 each		(0.16)	0.18

The accompanying Notes 1-11 form an integral part of the Financial Statements

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co.

Firm Registration Number: 131167W

Director

G R Parekh

Proprietor

Membership Number: 030530 Director

Atul April 05, 2021 April 05, 2021

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Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2021

A. Equity share capital

(₹)

Particulars	Note	Amount
As at March 31, 2019		6,00,000
Changes in equity share capital		4,00,000
As at March 31, 2020		10,00,000
Changes in equity share capital		-
As at March 31, 2021		10,00,000

B. Other equity

(₹)

Particulars	Retained	Total
	earnings	other
As at March 31, 2019	(79,689)	(79,689)
Profit for the year	17,975	17,975
As at March 31, 2020	(61,714)	(61,714)
Profit for the year	(15,820)	(15,820)
As at March 31, 2021	(77,534)	(77,534)

The accompanying Notes 1-11 form an integral part of the Financial Statements

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co.

Firm Registration Number: 131167W

Director

G R Parekh

Proprietor Director

Membership Number: 030530

Atul

Atul

April 05, 2021

April 05, 2021

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended March 31, 2021

(₹)

	Particulars	2020-21	2019-20
A.	Cash flow from operating activities		
•••••	Profit (Loss) before tax	(15,820)	17,975
		(15,820)	17,975
	Less:		
	Interest income from financial assets measured at amortised cost	17,226	33,220
		17,226	33,220
	Operating profit before change in operating assets and liabilities	(33,046)	(15,245)
	Adjustments for:		
	(Increase) Decrease in other assets	3,737	(1,475)
	Increase (Decrease) in trade payables	1,180	-
	Increase (Decrease) in other financial liabilities	-	(36,250)
		4,917	(37,725)
	Cash generated from operations	(28,129)	(52,970)
	Less:		
	Income tax paid (net of refund)	-	(1,443)
	Net cash flow from operating activities A	(28,129)	(51,527)
B.	Cash flow from investing activities		
	Redemption of (Investment in) bank deposits (net)	26,010	(2,60,694)
	Interest received on financial assets measured at amortised cost	17,226	33,220
	(Increase) Decrease in Investments	-	(1,04,150)
	Net cash used in investing activities	43,236	(3,31,625)
C.	Cash flow from financing activities		
	Purchase of equity instruments measured at cost	-	4,00,000
	Net cash used in financing activities	-	4,00,000
	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents A+B+C	· ·	16,849
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	26,895	10,046
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	42,002	26,895

The accompanying Notes 1-11 form an integral part of the Financial Statements

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co.

Firm Registration Number: 131167W

Director

G R Parekh

Proprietor Director

Membership Number: 030530

Atul

Atul

April 05, 2021

Background

Atul (Retail) Brands Ltd is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in India, Its registered office is located at East site, Atul, Valsad 396 020, Gujarat, India. The company is in the business of retail.

Note 1 Significant accounting policies

a) Statement of compliance

These standalone financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (referred to as "Ind AS") as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as amended from time to time.

b) Basis of preparation

- i) The Standalone Financial Statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis.
- ii) The Standalone Financial Statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis.
- iii) The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the Standalone Financial Statements. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the normal operating cycle of the Company and other criteria as set out in the Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

iv) Recent accounting pronouncements:

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from April 01, 2021.

c) Revenue recognition:

Revenue is measured based on the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled as per contract with a customer. The consideration is determined based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated variable consideration. Accumulated experience is used to estimate and provide for the variable consideration, using the expected value method and revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur.

Interest income from financial assets is recognised using the effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment, extension, call and similar options) but does not consider the expected credit losses.

d) Income tax:

Income tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax. Current tax is the tax payable on the taxable income of the current period based on the applicable income tax rates. Deferred income tax is recognised using the balance sheet approach. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. The Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

e) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, demand deposits with bank and other short-term (three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

f) Trade and other payables:

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months from the reporting date.

g) Investments and other financial assets:

Investments in subsidiary companies, associate companies and joint venture company:

Investments in subsidiary companies, associate companies and joint venture company are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount. On disposal of investments in subsidiary companies, associate companies and joint venture company, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognised in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss.

h) Offsetting financial instruments:

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Standalone Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

i) Provisions:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. These are reviewed at each year end and reflect the best current estimate. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period.

j) Earnings per share:

Earnings per share (EPS) is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Earnings considered in ascertaining the EPS is the net profit for the period and any attributable tax thereto for the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted EPS, the net profit for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

k) Preliminary expenses

The preliminary expenses represents expenditure incurred for formation of the Company. The same were amortised over the period of two years.

I) Critical estimates and judgments

The preparation of Financial Statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgment or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed. Detailed information about each of these estimates and judgments is included in relevant notes together with information about the basis of calculation for each affected line item in the Financial Statements.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The areas involving critical estimates or judgements are:

1)Estimation for income tax: Note 1 (d)

Note 2 Non-current investments			As at Face March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
		Face				
1016	2 Non-current investments	Value	Number of shares	Value	Number of shares	Value
Α	Investment in equity instruments					
	Unquoted					
	Jayati Infrastructure Ltd	10	24,027		24,027	2,40,270
	Osia Dairy Ltd	10	21,385	2,13,850	21,385	2,13,850
				4,54,120		4,54,120

(₹)

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	4,54,120	4,54,120

(₹)

Nicto 2. Other new surrent recets	As at	As at	
Note 3 Other non-current assets	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	
i) Security deposit	10,000	10,000	
il) Tax paid in advance, net of provisions	898	898	
	10,898	10,898	

(₹)

Note 4 Cash and each equivalents	As at	
Note 4 Cash and cash equivalents	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
a) Balances with banks		
In current accounts	42,002	26,895
	42,002	26,895

(₹)

Note 5 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalent above	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
 a) Short-term bank deposit with original maturity between 3 to 12 months 	4,17,007	4,43,017
	4,17,007	4,43,017

(₹)

Note 6 Other current assets	As at	As at	
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	
Prepayment to suppliers	1,180	4,917	
	1,180	4,917	

		(<)	
Note 7 Equity share equital	As at	As at	
Note 7 Equity share capital	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	
Authorised			
1,00,000 (March 31, 2020 : 1,00,000) equity shares of ₹ 10 each	10,00,000	10,00,000	
	10,00,000	10,00,000	
Issued			
1,00,000 (March 31, 2020 : 1,00,000) equity shares of ₹ 10 each	10,00,000	10,00,000	
	10,00,000	10,00,000	
Subscribed			
1,00,000 (March 31, 2020 : 1,00,000) equity shares of ₹ 10 each	10,00,000	10,00,000	
	10,00,000	10,00,000	

a) Movement in equity share capital

(₹)

Particulars	Number of shares	Equity share capital
As at March 31, 2020	1,00,000	10,00,000
Movement in equity share capital	-	-
As at March 31, 2021	1,00,000	10,00,000

b) Rights, preferences and restrictions:

The Company has one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of $\stackrel{?}{ ext{ tensor}}$ 10 each.

i) Equity shares:

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts and preference shares, if any. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of equity shares:

No	Name of the Shareholder	As at		As at	
		March 31, 2021		March 31, 2020	
		Holding %	Number of	Holding %	Number of
			shares		shares
1	Atul Aarogya Ltd	28.47%	28,473	28.47%	28,473
2	Atul Biospace Ltd	43.05%	43,053	43.05%	43,053
3	Atul Crop Care Ltd	11.81%	11,807	11.81%	11,807
4	Lapox Polymers Ltd	16.67%	16,667	16.67%	16,667

		(<)
Note 8 Trade payables	As at	As at
Note of Trade payables	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
Creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	3,680	2,500
	3,680	2,500

Note 9 Other income	2020-21	2019-20
Interest from others	16,695	33,200
Miscellaneous income	531	20
	17,226	33,220

Note 10 Other expenses	2020-21	2019-20
Payments to the Statutory Auditors		
a) Audit fees	2,500	2,500
Miscellaneous expenses	30,546	12,745
	33.046	15.245

Note 11 Related party disclosures

Note 11 (A) Related party information

Name of the related party and nature of relationship

No.	Name of the related party	Description of relationship
	Atul Ltd	Holding company
01	Aaranyak Urmi Ltd ¹	
02	Aasthan Dates Ltd	···
03	Amal Ltd ²	
04	Amal Speciality Ltd ¹	···
05	Anchor Adhesives Pvt Ltd	···
06	Atul Aarogya Ltd	···
07	Atul Ayurveda Ltd	···
08	Atul Bioscience Ltd	···
09	Atul Biospace Ltd	···
10	Atul Brasil Quimicos Ltda	
11	Atul China Ltd	
12	Atul Clean Energy Ltd	
13	Atul Crop Care Ltd	
14	Atul Deutschland GmbH	
15	Atul Entertainment Ltd	
16	Atul Europe Ltd	
17	Atul Fin Resources Ltd ¹	
18	Atul Finserv Ltd	
19	Atul Hospitality Ltd	
20	Atul Infotech Pvt Ltd ¹	Cubaiding canage mice of balding canage mu
21	Atul Ireland Ltd	Subsidiary companies of holding company
22	Atul Lifescience Ltd	···
23	Atul Middle East FZ-LLC	
24	Atul Natural Dyes Ltd	
25	Atul Natural Foods Ltd	
26	Atul Nivesh Ltd ¹	
27	Atul Polymers Products Ltd	
28	Atul Products Ltd	
29	Atul Rajasthan Date Palms Ltd ¹	
30	Atul Renewable Energy Ltd	
31	Atul Seeds Ltd	···
32	Atul USA Inc	
33	Biyaban Agri Ltd	"
34	DPD Ltd ¹	··
35	Gujarat Synthwood Ltd ³	···
36	Jayati Infrastructure Ltd	···
37	Lapox Polymers Ltd	··
38	Osia Dairy Ltd	"
39	Osia Infrastructure Ltd	··
40	Raja Dates Ltd	···
	Other related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year	
41	Rudolf Atul Chemicals Ltd	Joint venture company of holding company
42	Anaven LLP	Joint operation of holding company

 $^{^{1}}$ Investments held through subsidiary companies | 2 Subsidiary company by virtue of control | 3 Under liquidation

Note 11 Related party disclosures (continued)

(₹)

Note 11 (B) Transactions with subsidiary companies	2020-21	2019-20
Reimbursement of expenses	4,000	2,400
Atul Infotech Pvt Ltd	4,000	2,400
Brand usage charges	500	1,000
Atul Ltd	500	1,000
Investment in group companies through Equity shares	_	1,04,150
Jayati Infrastructure Ltd	-	56,940
Osia Dairy Ltd	-	47,210
Issue of Equity shares	-	4,00,000
Atul Aarogya Ltd	-	1,13,890
Atul Biospace Ltd	-	1,72,210
Atul Crop Care Ltd	-	47,230
Lapox Polymers Ltd	-	66,670

Note 11 Authorisation for issue of the Financial Statements

The Financial Statements were authorised for issue by the Board on April 05, 2021.

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co.

Firm Registration Number: 131167W

Chartered Accountants Director

G R Parekh Director

Proprietor

Membership Number: 030530

Atul April 05, 2021 April 05, 2021